#### **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

Docket No.: 61385(72021)

1. (Original) A compound of the formula:

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & & \\ &$$

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein:

each ---- independently represents a single or double bond;

B and E are independently  $CR_1$ ,  $C(R_1)_2$ ,  $NR_1$  or N; or B and E are taken together to form a fused 5- to 8-membered partially saturated ring that is substituted with from 0 to 3 substituents independently selected from  $R_1$ ;

D and G are independently CR<sub>1</sub>, C(R<sub>1</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, NR<sub>1</sub> or N;

W, X, Y and Z are independently CR<sub>1</sub> or N;

- Q, T and V are independently CR<sub>1</sub>, C(R<sub>1</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, N or NH; or Q is taken together with V or R<sub>3</sub> to form a fused 5- to 7-membered carbocycle or heterocycle that is substituted with from 0 to 4 substituents independently chosen from R<sub>b</sub>;
- R<sub>1</sub> is independently chosen at each occurrence from hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, amino, cyano, nitro, and groups of the formula L-M;

R<sub>2</sub> is halogen, hydroxy, amino, cyano, nitro or a group of the formula L-M;

- R<sub>3</sub> is hydrogen, halogen, cyano, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>cycloalkylC<sub>0</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>haloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkyl ether, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkylsulfonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkylsulfonamido or taken together with Q to form a fused, optionally substituted, 5- to 7-membered carbocycle or heterocycle;
- L is independently chosen at each occurrence from a single covalent bond, O, C(=O), OC(=O), C(=O)O, OC(=O)O, S(O)<sub>m</sub>, N(R<sub>x</sub>), C(=O)N(R<sub>x</sub>), N(R<sub>x</sub>)C(=O), N(R<sub>x</sub>)S(O)<sub>m</sub>, S(O)<sub>m</sub>N(R<sub>x</sub>) and N[S(O)<sub>m</sub>R<sub>x</sub>]S(O)<sub>m</sub>; wherein m is independently selected at each occurrence from 0, 1 and 2; and R<sub>x</sub> is independently selected at each occurrence from hydrogen and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkyl;

M is independently selected at each occurrence from (a) hydrogen and hydroxy; and (b)  $C_1$ - $C_8$ alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_8$ alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_8$ alkynyl, mono- and di- $(C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl)amino $C_0$ - $C_4$ alkyl, phenyl $C_0$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_8$ cycloalkyl $C_0$ - $C_4$ alkyl and (5- to 7-membered heterocycloalkyl) $C_0$ - $C_4$ alkyl, each of which is substituted with from 0 to 5 substituents independently selected from  $R_b$ ;

Docket No.: 61385(72021)

J<sub>1</sub> chosen from O, NH and S;

U is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl, substituted with from 0 to 3 substituents independently chosen from oxo and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl, or two substituents are taken together to form a 3- to 7-membered cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl;

Either: (a) J<sub>2</sub> is O or S,

n is 1, and

R<sub>z</sub> is hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>haloalkyl or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl ether; or

(b)  $J_2$  is N,

n is 2, and

- (i) R<sub>z</sub> is independently chosen at each occurrence from hydrogen and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl substituted with from 0 to 3 substituents selected from R<sub>b</sub>; or
- (ii) both  $R_z$  moieties are joined to form, with  $J_2$ , a 5- to 8-membered heterocycloalkyl that is substituted with from 0 to 3 substituents selected from  $R_b$ ; and
- $R_b$  is independently chosen at each occurrence from halogen, hydroxy, cyano, nitro, amino, oxo, COOH,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_8$ cycloalkyl $C_0$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ haloalkoxy,  $C_2$ - $C_6$ alkyl ether, aminocarbonyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ hydroxyalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ aminoalkyl and mono- and di- $(C_1$ - $C_6$ alkyl)amino.
- 2. (Original) A compound or salt according to claim 1, wherein each ---- represents a double bond.
- 3. (Currently amended) A compound or salt according to claim 1 or claim 2, wherein B, E, D, Y and W are CH.
- 4. (Currently amended) A compound or salt according to <u>claim 1</u> any one of claims 1–3, wherein T and V are independently N or CH.

5. (Currently amended) A compound or salt according to <u>claim 1</u>-any one of claims 1-4, wherein G is N.

Docket No.: 61385(72021)

- 6. (Currently amended) A compound or salt according to claim 1 any one of claims 1-5, wherein  $R_2$  is cyano, nitro, NHOH, amino,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ hydroxyalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkylthio,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkanoyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ aminoalkyl, mono- or di- $(C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl)amino $C_0$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $(C_5$ - $C_6$ cycloalkyl)amino, (5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl) $C_0$ - $C_4$ alkyl, -N( $R_x$ )SO $_2$ C $_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl or -N(SO $_2$ C $_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl) $_2$ .
- 7. (Original) A compound or salt according to claim 6, wherein  $R_2$  is cyano, CHO, amino, nitro,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkylthio,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ hydroxyalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ aminoalkyl, mono- and di- $(C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl)amino $C_0$ - $C_4$ alkyl, oxadiazolyl, cyclopentylamino, -N(H)SO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, -N(CH<sub>3</sub>)SO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl or -N(SO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>alkyl)<sub>2</sub>.
- 8. (Original) A compound or salt according to claim 7, wherein  $R_2$  is cyano, CHO, amino, nitro, methyl, ethyl, propyl, hydroxymethyl, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, methylthio, ethylthio,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkylamino,  $(C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl)aminomethyl, cyclopentylamino, -N(H)SO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>1</sub>- $C_4$ alkyl, -N(CH<sub>3</sub>)SO<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub> or -N(SO<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>.
- 9. (Original) A compound or salt according to claim 6, wherein  $R_2$  is halogen, methyl, cyano or trifluoromethyl.
- 10. (Currently amended) A compound or salt according to claim 1 any one of claims 1-9, wherein  $J_1$  is O.
- 11. (Currently amended) A compound or salt according to claim 1 any one of claims 1-10, wherein U is  $C_2$ alkyl, substituted with from 0 to 2 substituents independently chosen from oxo and  $C_1$ - $C_3$ alkyl.
- 12. (Original) A compound or salt according to claim 11, wherein U is CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-.

13. (Original) A compound or salt according to claim 11, wherein U is -  $CH_2$ -C(O)-.

Docket No.: 61385(72021)

- 14. (Currently amended) A compound or salt according to claim 1-any one of claims 1-13, wherein  $-J_2$ - $(R_z)_n$  is chosen from: (i) -OH and  $-NH_2$ , and (ii)  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy, pyrrolidinyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, morpholinyl and mono- and di- $(C_1$ - $C_6$ alkyl)amino, each of which is substituted with from 0 to 3 substituents independently chosen from hydroxy, halogen, amino,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkoxy and  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkylthio.
- 15. (Currently amended) A compound or salt according to claim 1-any one of claims 1-14, wherein  $R_3$  is halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_4$ alkyl ether,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ hydroxyalkyl,  $-SO_2CF_3$  or taken together with Q to form a fused, 5- or 6-membered carbocycle or heterocycle.
- 16. (Original) A compound or salt according to claim 15, wherein R<sub>3</sub> is halogen, *tert*-butyl or trifluoromethyl.
- 17. (Original) A compound or salt according to claim 1, wherein the compound has the formula:

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & &$$

wherein:

G and T are independently CH or N;

R<sub>2</sub> is cyano, CHO, amino, nitro, methyl, ethyl, propyl, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, methylthio, ethylthio, -N(H)SO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, -N(CH<sub>3</sub>)SO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl or -N(SO<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>;

R<sub>3</sub> is halogen, cyano, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>haloalkyl;

X and Z are independently N, CH, C-OH, C-NH<sub>2</sub>, C(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl) or C(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>haloalkyl);

- J<sub>1</sub> is O or NH; and
- -J<sub>2</sub>-(R<sub>z</sub>)<sub>n</sub> is chosen from: (i) −OH and -NH<sub>2</sub>, and (ii) C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkoxy, pyrrolidinyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, morpholinyl and mono- and di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl)amino, each of which is substituted with from 0 to 3 substituents independently chosen from hydroxy, halogen, amino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>haloalkoxy and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkylthio.

Docket No.: 61385(72021)

- 18. (Original) A compound or salt according to claim 17, wherein  $J_1$  is O.
- 19. (Original) A compound or salt according to claim 18, wherein:

X and Z are independently N or CH;

G is N; and

 $R_2$  and  $R_3$  are independently halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl or  $C_1$ - $C_4$ haloalkyl.

- 20. (Original) A compound or salt according to claim 1, wherein the compound is selected from:
  - N-[4-tert-Butyl-3-(2-hydroxy-ethoxy)-phenyl]-4-(3-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-benzamide;
  - N-[4-tert-Butyl-3-(2-morpholin-4-yl-ethoxy)-phenyl]-4-(3-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-benzamide:
  - N-{4-*tert*-Butyl-3-[2-(2,6-dimethyl-morpholin-4-yl)-ethoxy]-phenyl}-4-(3-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-benzamide (cis);
  - N-[4-tert-Butyl-3-(2-piperidin-1-yl-ethoxy)-phenyl]-4-(3-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-benzamide;
  - N-(3-{2-[Bis-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-amino]-ethoxy}-4-tert-butyl-phenyl)-4-(3-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-benzamide;
  - N-{4-tert-Butyl-3-[2-(3,3-dimethyl-piperidin-1-yl)-ethoxy]-phenyl}-4-(3-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-benzamide;
  - N-[4-*tert*-Butyl-3-(2-hydroxy-ethoxy)-phenyl]-2-hydroxy-4-(3-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-benzamide;

N-{4-tert-Butyl-3-[2-(2,6-dimethyl-morpholin-4-yl)-ethoxy]-phenyl}-2-hydroxy-4-(3-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-benzamide (cis); and

Docket No.: 61385(72021)

- N-[4-*tert*-Butyl-3-(2-piperidin-1-yl-ethoxy)-phenyl]-2-hydroxy-4-(3-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yl)-benzamide.
- 21. (Currently amended) A compound or salt according to <u>claim 1 any</u> one of claims 1-20, wherein the compound exhibits no detectable agonist activity an *in vitro* assay of capsaicin receptor agonism.
- 22. (Currently amended) A compound or salt according to claim 1-any one of claims 1-20, wherein the compound has an IC<sub>50</sub> value of 1 micromolar or less in a capsaicin receptor calcium mobilization assay.
  - 23. (Cancelled)
- 24. (Currently amended) A pharmaceutical composition, comprising at least one compound or salt according to <u>claim 1</u>-any one of claims 1-20, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier or excipient.
- 25. (Original) A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 24 wherein the composition is formulated as an injectible fluid, an aerosol, a cream, a gel, a pill, a capsule, a syrup or a transdermal patch.

26-36. (Cancelled)

37. (Original) A method for inhibiting binding of vanilloid ligand to capsaicin receptor in a patient, comprising contacting cells expressing capsaicin receptor with at least one compound of the formula:

Docket No.: 61385(72021)

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein:

each --- independently represents a single or double bond;

either: (a) A, B and E are independently CR<sub>1</sub>, C(R<sub>1</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, NR<sub>1</sub> or N; or

(b) B is joined with A or E to form a fused 5- to 8-membered partially saturated ring that is substituted with from 0 to 3 substituents independently selected from  $R_1$ , and the other of A or E is  $CR_1$ ,  $C(R_1)_2$ ,  $NR_1$  or N;

D and G are independently CR<sub>1</sub>, C(R<sub>1</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, NR<sub>1</sub> or N;

W, X, Y and Z are independently CR<sub>1</sub> or N;

- P, Q, T and V are independently  $CR_1$ ,  $C(R_1)_2$ , N or NH; or Q is taken together with V or P to form a fused 5- to 7-membered carbocycle or heterocycle that is substituted with from 0 to 4 substituents independently chosen from  $R_b$ ;
- R<sub>1</sub> is independently chosen at each occurrence from hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, amino, cyano, nitro, and groups of the formula L-M;
- L is independently chosen at each occurrence from a single covalent bond, O, C(=O), OC(=O), C(=O)O, OC(=O)O, S(O)<sub>m</sub>, N(R<sub>x</sub>), C(=O)N(R<sub>x</sub>), N(R<sub>x</sub>)C(=O), N(R<sub>x</sub>)S(O)<sub>m</sub>, S(O)<sub>m</sub>N(R<sub>x</sub>) and N[S(O)<sub>m</sub>R<sub>x</sub>]S(O)<sub>m</sub>; wherein m is independently selected at each occurrence from 0, 1 and 2; and R<sub>x</sub> is independently selected at each occurrence from hydrogen and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkyl;
- M is independently selected at each occurrence from (a) hydrogen; and (b) C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkynyl, mono- and di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>0</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, phenylC<sub>0</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>cycloalkylC<sub>0</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, (5-membered heteroaryl)C<sub>0</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl and (5- to 7-membered heterocycloalkyl)C<sub>0</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, each of which is substituted with from 0 to 5 substituents independently selected from R<sub>b</sub>;

J<sub>1</sub> chosen from O, NH and S;

U is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl, substituted with from 0 to 3 substituents independently chosen from oxo and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl, or two substituents are taken together to form a 3- to 7-membered cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl;

Docket No.: 61385(72021)

Either: (a)  $J_2$  is O or S,

n is 1, and

R<sub>z</sub> is hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>haloalkyl or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl ether; or

(b)  $J_2$  is N,

n is 2, and

- (i) R<sub>z</sub> is independently chosen at each occurrence from hydrogen and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl substituted with from 0 to 3 substituents selected from R<sub>b</sub>; or
- (ii) both R<sub>z</sub> moieties are joined to form, with J<sub>2</sub>, a 5- to 8-membered heterocycloalkyl that is substituted with from 0 to 3 substituents selected from R<sub>b</sub>; and

R<sub>b</sub> is independently chosen at each occurrence from halogen, hydroxy, cyano, nitro, amino, oxo, COOH, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>cycloalkylC<sub>0</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>haloalkoxy, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl ether, aminocarbonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>hydroxyalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>aminoalkyl and mono- and di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl)amino;

and thereby inhibiting binding of vanilloid ligand to the capsaicin receptor in the patient.

38. (Currently amended) A method according to claim 37, wherein the at least one compound is represented by the formula:

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein:
each ---- independently represents a single or double bond;

B and E are independently  $CR_1$ ,  $C(R_1)_2$ ,  $NR_1$  or N; or B and E are taken together to form a fused 5- to 8-membered partially saturated ring that is substituted with from 0 to 3 substituents independently selected from  $R_1$ ;

Docket No.: 61385(72021)

D and G are independently CR<sub>1</sub>, C(R<sub>1</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, NR<sub>1</sub> or N;

- W, X, Y and Z are independently CR<sub>1</sub> or N;
- Q, T and V are independently CR<sub>1</sub>, C(R<sub>1</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, N or NH; or Q is taken together with V or R<sub>3</sub> to form a fused 5- to 7-membered carbocycle or heterocycle that is substituted with from 0 to 4 substituents independently chosen from R<sub>b</sub>;
- R<sub>1</sub> is independently chosen at each occurrence from hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, amino, cyano, nitro, and groups of the formula L-M;
- R<sub>2</sub> is halogen, hydroxy, amino, cyano, nitro or a group of the formula L-M;
- R<sub>3</sub> is hydrogen, halogen, cyano, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>cycloalkylC<sub>0</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>haloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkyl ether, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkylsulfonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkylsulfonamido or taken together with Q to form a fused, optionally substituted, 5- to 7-membered carbocycle or heterocycle;
- L is independently chosen at each occurrence from a single covalent bond, O, C(=O), OC(=O), OC(=O),
- M is independently selected at each occurrence from (a) hydrogen and hydroxy; and (b)  $C_1$ - $C_8$ alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_8$ alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_8$ alkynyl, mono- and di- $(C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl)amino $C_0$ - $C_4$ alkyl, phenyl $C_0$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_8$ cycloalkyl $C_0$ - $C_4$ alkyl and (5- to 7-membered heterocycloalkyl) $C_0$ - $C_4$ alkyl, each of which is substituted with from 0 to 5 substituents independently selected from  $R_b$ ;
- J<sub>1</sub> chosen from O, NH and S;
- U is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl, substituted with from 0 to 3 substituents independently chosen from oxo and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl, or two substituents are taken together to form a 3- to 7-membered cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl;

| <u>Either:</u> | <u>(a)</u> | $J_2$ is O or S. |
|----------------|------------|------------------|
|                |            | -                |
|                |            | n is 1, and      |

R<sub>z</sub> is hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>haloalkyl or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl ether; or

(b) J<sub>2</sub> is N,

n is 2, and

(i) R<sub>z</sub> is independently chosen at each occurrence from hydrogen and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl substituted with from 0 to 3 substituents selected from R<sub>b</sub>; or

(ii) both R<sub>z</sub> moieties are joined to form, with J<sub>2</sub>, a 5- to 8-membered heterocycloalkyl that is substituted with from 0 to 3 substituents selected from R<sub>b</sub>; and

Docket No.: 61385(72021)

 $\frac{R_b \text{ is independently chosen at each occurrence from halogen, hydroxy, cyano, nitro, amino, oxo, COOH, C_1-C_6alkyl, C_3-C_8cycloalkylC_0-C_4alkyl, C_1-C_6haloalkyl, C_1-C_6alkoxy, C_1-C_6haloalkoxy, C_2-C_6alkyl ether, aminocarbonyl, C_1-C_6hydroxyalkyl, C_1-C_6aminoalkyl and mono- and di-(C_1-C_6alkyl)amino the compound is a compound according to_claim any one of claims 1-20.}$ 

- 39. (Original) A method according to claim 37, wherein the patient is a human.
- 40. (Original) A method for treating a condition responsive to capsaicin receptor modulation in a patient, comprising administering to the patient a therapeutically effective amount of at least one compound of the formula:

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein:
each ---- independently represents a single or double bond;
either: (a) A, B and E are independently CR<sub>1</sub>, C(R<sub>1</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, NR<sub>1</sub> or N; or

(b) B is joined with A or E to form a fused 5- to 8-membered partially saturated ring that is substituted with from 0 to 3 substituents independently selected from  $R_1$ , and the other of A or E is  $CR_1$ ,  $C(R_1)_2$ ,  $NR_1$  or N;

Docket No.: 61385(72021)

D and G are independently CR<sub>1</sub>, C(R<sub>1</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, NR<sub>1</sub> or N;

- W, X, Y and Z are independently  $CR_1$  or N;
- P, Q, T and V are independently  $CR_1$ ,  $C(R_1)_2$ , N or NH; or Q is taken together with V or P to form a fused 5- to 7-membered carbocycle or heterocycle that is substituted with from 0 to 4 substituents independently chosen from  $R_b$ ;
- R<sub>1</sub> is independently chosen at each occurrence from hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, amino, cyano, nitro, and groups of the formula L-M;
- L is independently chosen at each occurrence from a single covalent bond, O, C(=O), OC(=O), C(=O)O, OC(=O)O, S(O)<sub>m</sub>, N(R<sub>x</sub>), C(=O)N(R<sub>x</sub>), N(R<sub>x</sub>)C(=O), N(R<sub>x</sub>)S(O)<sub>m</sub>, S(O)<sub>m</sub>N(R<sub>x</sub>) and N[S(O)<sub>m</sub>R<sub>x</sub>]S(O)<sub>m</sub>; wherein m is independently selected at each occurrence from 0, 1 and 2; and R<sub>x</sub> is independently selected at each occurrence from hydrogen and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkyl;
- M is independently selected at each occurrence from (a) hydrogen; and (b) C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkynyl, mono- and di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>0</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, phenylC<sub>0</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>cycloalkylC<sub>0</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, (5-membered heteroaryl)C<sub>0</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl and (5- to 7-membered heterocycloalkyl)C<sub>0</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, each of which is substituted with from 0 to 5 substituents independently selected from R<sub>b</sub>;
- J<sub>1</sub> chosen from O, NH and S;
- U is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl, substituted with from 0 to 3 substituents independently chosen from oxo and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl, or two substituents are taken together to form a 3- to 7-membered cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl;

Either: (a) J<sub>2</sub> is O or S,

n is 1, and

R<sub>z</sub> is hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>haloalkyl or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl ether; or

(b)  $J_2$  is N,

n is 2, and

 (i) R<sub>z</sub> is independently chosen at each occurrence from hydrogen and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl substituted with from 0 to 3 substituents selected from R<sub>b</sub>; or (ii) both  $R_z$  moieties are joined to form, with  $J_2$ , a 5- to 8-membered heterocycloalkyl that is substituted with from 0 to 3 substituents selected from  $R_b$ ; and

Docket No.: 61385(72021)

- R<sub>b</sub> is independently chosen at each occurrence from halogen, hydroxy, cyano, nitro, amino, oxo, COOH, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>cycloalkylC<sub>0</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>haloalkoxy, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl ether, aminocarbonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>hydroxyalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>aminoalkyl and mono- and di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl)amino; and thereby alleviating the condition in the patient.
- 41. (Currently amended) A method according to claim 40, wherein the at least one compound is represented by the formula:

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein:

each --- independently represents a single or double bond;

B and E are independently  $CR_1$ ,  $C(R_1)_2$ ,  $NR_1$  or N; or B and E are taken together to form a fused 5- to 8-membered partially saturated ring that is substituted with from 0 to 3 substituents independently selected from  $R_1$ ;

D and G are independently CR<sub>1</sub>, C(R<sub>1</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, NR<sub>1</sub> or N;

- W, X, Y and Z are independently CR<sub>1</sub> or N;
- Q, T and V are independently CR<sub>1</sub>, C(R<sub>1</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, N or NH; or Q is taken together with V or R<sub>3</sub> to form a fused 5- to 7-membered carbocycle or heterocycle that is substituted with from 0 to 4 substituents independently chosen from R<sub>b</sub>;
- R<sub>1</sub> is independently chosen at each occurrence from hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, amino, cyano, nitro, and groups of the formula L-M;

R<sub>2</sub> is halogen, hydroxy, amino, cyano, nitro or a group of the formula L-M;

R<sub>3</sub> is hydrogen, halogen, cyano, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>cycloalkylC<sub>0</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>haloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkyl ether, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkylsulfonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkylsulfonamido or taken together with Q to form a fused, optionally substituted, 5- to 7-membered carbocycle or heterocycle;

Docket No.: 61385(72021)

- L is independently chosen at each occurrence from a single covalent bond, O, C(=O), OC(=O), OC(=O)O, S(O)<sub>m</sub>, N(R<sub>x</sub>), C(=O)N(R<sub>x</sub>), N(R<sub>x</sub>)C(=O), N(R<sub>x</sub>)S(O)<sub>m</sub>, S(O)<sub>m</sub>N(R<sub>x</sub>) and N[S(O)<sub>m</sub>R<sub>x</sub>]S(O)<sub>m</sub>; wherein m is independently selected at each occurrence from 0, 1 and 2; and R<sub>x</sub> is independently selected at each occurrence from hydrogen and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkyl;
- M is independently selected at each occurrence from (a) hydrogen and hydroxy; and (b)  $C_1$ - $C_8$ alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_8$ alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_8$ alkynyl, mono- and di- $(C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl)amino $C_0$ - $C_4$ alkyl, phenyl $C_0$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_8$ cycloalkyl $C_0$ - $C_4$ alkyl and (5- to 7-membered heterocycloalkyl) $C_0$ - $C_4$ alkyl, each of which is substituted with from 0 to 5 substituents independently selected from  $R_b$ ;

# J<sub>1</sub> chosen from O, NH and S;

U is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl, substituted with from 0 to 3 substituents independently chosen from oxo and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl, or two substituents are taken together to form a 3- to 7-membered cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl;

| Either: | (a) J <sub>2</sub> is O or S,  |
|---------|--|
|         | n is 1, and  |
|         | R <sub>z</sub> is hydrogen, C <sub>1</sub> -C <sub>6</sub> alkyl, C <sub>1</sub> -C <sub>6</sub> haloalkyl or C <sub>2</sub> -C <sub>6</sub> alkyl ether; or |
|         | (b) $J_2$ is $N_1$   |
|         | n is 2, and  |
|         | (i) R <sub>z</sub> is independently chosen at each occurrence from hydrogen and C <sub>1</sub> :   |
|         | C <sub>6</sub> alkyl substituted with from 0 to 3 substituents selected from R <sub>b</sub> ; or   |
|         | (ii) both R <sub>z</sub> moieties are joined to form, with J <sub>2</sub> , a 5- to 8-membered   |
|         | heterocycloalkyl that is substituted with from 0 to 3 substituents selected  |
|         | from R <sub>b</sub> ; and  |

R<sub>b</sub> is independently chosen at each occurrence from halogen, hydroxy, cyano, nitro, amino, oxo, COOH, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>cycloalkylC<sub>0</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>hal

 $C_6$ alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ haloalkoxy,  $C_2$ - $C_6$ alkyl ether, aminocarbonyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ hydroxyalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ aminoalkyl and mono- and di- $(C_1$ - $C_6$ alkyl)amino the compound according to claim any one of claims 1-20.

Docket No.: 61385(72021)

- 42. (Orignial) A method according to claim 40, wherein the patient is suffering from (i) exposure to capsaicin, (ii) burn or irritation due to exposure to heat, (iii) burns or irritation due to exposure to light, (iv) burn, bronchoconstriction or irritation due to exposure to tear gas, air pollutants, infectious agents or pepper spray, or (v) burn or irritation due to exposure to acid
- 43. (Original) A method according to claim 40, wherein the condition is asthma or chronic obstructive pulmonary disease.
- 44. (Original) A method for treating pain in a patient, comprising administering to a patient suffering from pain a therapeutically effective amount of at least one compound of the formula:

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein:

each --- independently represents a single or double bond;

either: (a) A, B and E are independently CR<sub>1</sub>, C(R<sub>1</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, NR<sub>1</sub> or N; or

(b) B is joined with A or E to form a fused 5- to 8-membered partially saturated ring that is substituted with from 0 to 3 substituents independently selected from  $R_1$ , and the other of A or E is  $CR_1$ ,  $C(R_1)_2$ ,  $NR_1$  or N;

D and G are independently  $CR_1$ ,  $C(R_1)_2$ ,  $NR_1$  or N;

W, X, Y and Z are independently  $CR_1$  or N;

P, Q, T and V are independently  $CR_1$ ,  $C(R_1)_2$ , N or NH; or Q is taken together with V or P to form a fused 5- to 7-membered carbocycle or heterocycle that is substituted with from 0 to 4 substituents independently chosen from  $R_b$ ;

R<sub>1</sub> is independently chosen at each occurrence from hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, amino, cyano, nitro, and groups of the formula L-M;

Docket No.: 61385(72021)

- L is independently chosen at each occurrence from a single covalent bond, O, C(=O), OC(=O), C(=O)O, OC(=O)O, S(O)<sub>m</sub>, N(R<sub>x</sub>), C(=O)N(R<sub>x</sub>), N(R<sub>x</sub>)C(=O), N(R<sub>x</sub>)S(O)<sub>m</sub>, S(O)<sub>m</sub>N(R<sub>x</sub>) and N[S(O)<sub>m</sub>R<sub>x</sub>]S(O)<sub>m</sub>; wherein m is independently selected at each occurrence from 0, 1 and 2; and R<sub>x</sub> is independently selected at each occurrence from hydrogen and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkyl;
- M is independently selected at each occurrence from (a) hydrogen; and (b) C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkynyl, mono- and di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>0</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, phenylC<sub>0</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>cycloalkylC<sub>0</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, (5-membered heteroaryl)C<sub>0</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl and (5- to 7-membered heterocycloalkyl)C<sub>0</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, each of which is substituted with from 0 to 5 substituents independently selected from R<sub>b</sub>;
- J<sub>1</sub> chosen from O, NH and S;
- U is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl, substituted with from 0 to 3 substituents independently chosen from oxo and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl, or two substituents are taken together to form a 3- to 7-membered cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl;

Either: (a)  $J_2$  is O or S,

n is 1, and

R<sub>z</sub> is hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>haloalkyl or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl ether; or

(b)  $J_2$  is N,

n is 2, and

- (i) R<sub>z</sub> is independently chosen at each occurrence from hydrogen and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl substituted with from 0 to 3 substituents selected from R<sub>b</sub>; or
- (ii) both R<sub>z</sub> moieties are joined to form, with J<sub>2</sub>, a 5- to 8-membered heterocycloalkyl that is substituted with from 0 to 3 substituents selected from R<sub>b</sub>; and
- $R_b$  is independently chosen at each occurrence from halogen, hydroxy, cyano, nitro, amino, oxo, COOH,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_8$ cycloalkyl $C_0$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ haloalkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ haloalkoxy,  $C_2$ - $C_6$ alkyl ether, aminocarbonyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ hydroxyalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ aminoalkyl and mono- and di- $(C_1$ - $C_6$ alkyl)amino;

and thereby alleviating pain in the patient.

45. (Currently amended) A method according to claim 44, wherein the at least one compound is represented by the formula:

Docket No.: 61385(72021)

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein:

each --- independently represents a single or double bond;

B and E are independently  $CR_1$ ,  $C(R_1)_2$ ,  $NR_1$  or N; or B and E are taken together to form a fused 5- to 8-membered partially saturated ring that is substituted with from 0 to 3 substituents independently selected from  $R_1$ ;

D and G are independently CR<sub>1</sub>, C(R<sub>1</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, NR<sub>1</sub> or N;

W, X, Y and Z are independently CR₁ or N;

- Q, T and V are independently CR<sub>1</sub>, C(R<sub>1</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, N or NH; or Q is taken together with V or R<sub>3</sub> to form a fused 5- to 7-membered carbocycle or heterocycle that is substituted with from 0 to 4 substituents independently chosen from R<sub>b</sub>;
- R<sub>1</sub> is independently chosen at each occurrence from hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, amino, cyano, nitro, and groups of the formula L-M;

R<sub>2</sub> is halogen, hydroxy, amino, cyano, nitro or a group of the formula L-M;

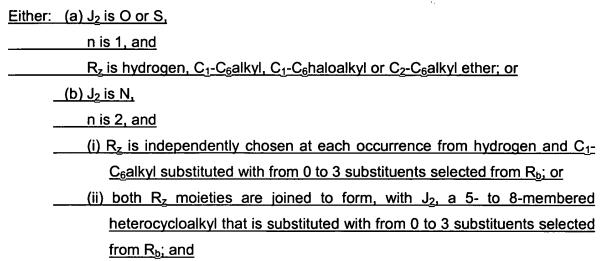
- R<sub>3</sub> is hydrogen, halogen, cyano, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>cycloalkylC<sub>0</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>haloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkyl ether, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkylsulfonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkylsulfonamido or taken together with Q to form a fused, optionally substituted, 5- to 7-membered carbocycle or heterocycle;
- L is independently chosen at each occurrence from a single covalent bond, O, C(=O), OC(=O), C(=O)O, OC(=O)O, S(O)<sub>m</sub>, N(R<sub>x</sub>), C(=O)N(R<sub>x</sub>), N(R<sub>x</sub>)C(=O), N(R<sub>x</sub>)S(O)<sub>m</sub>,  $S(O)_mN(R_x)$  and  $N[S(O)_mR_x]S(O)_m$ ; wherein m is independently selected at each occurrence from 0, 1 and 2; and R<sub>x</sub> is independently selected at each occurrence from hydrogen and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkyl;
- M is independently selected at each occurrence from (a) hydrogen and hydroxy; and (b) C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkynyl, mono- and di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>0</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl,

phenyl $C_0$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_8$ cycloalkyl $C_0$ - $C_4$ alkyl and (5- to 7-membered heterocycloalkyl) $C_0$ - $C_4$ alkyl, each of which is substituted with from 0 to 5 substituents independently selected from  $R_b$ :

Docket No.: 61385(72021)

#### J<sub>1</sub> chosen from O, NH and S;

<u>U is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl, substituted with from 0 to 3 substituents independently chosen from oxo</u> and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl, or two substituents are taken together to form a 3- to 7-membered cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl;



 $R_b$  is independently chosen at each occurrence from halogen, hydroxy, cyano, nitro, amino, oxo, COOH,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_8$ cycloalkyl $C_0$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ haloalkoxy,  $C_2$ - $C_6$ alkyl ether, aminocarbonyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ hydroxyalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ aminoalkyl and mono- and di- $(C_1$ - $C_6$ alkyl)amino the compound is a compound according to claim any one of claims 1-20.

- 46. (Original) A method according to claim 44, wherein the compound is present in the blood of the patient at a concentration of 1 micromolar or less.
- 47. (Original) A method according to claim 44, wherein the patient is suffering from neuropathic pain.
- 48. (Original) A method according to claim 44, wherein the pain is associated with a condition selected from: postmastectomy pain syndrome, stump

pain, phantom limb pain, oral neuropathic pain, toothache, postherpetic neuralgia, diabetic neuropathy, reflex sympathetic dystrophy, trigeminal neuralgia, osteoarthritis, rheumatoid arthritis, fibromyalgia, Guillain-Barre syndrome, meralgia paresthetica, burning-mouth syndrome, bilateral peripheral neuropathy, causalgia, neuritis, neuronitis, neuralgia, AIDS-related neuropathy, MS-related neuropathy, spinal cord injury-related pain, surgery-related pain, musculoskeletal pain, back pain, headache, migraine, angina, labor, hemorrhoids, dyspepsia, Charcot's pains, intestinal gas, menstruation, cancer, venom exposure, irritable bowel syndrome, inflammatory bowel disease and trauma.

Docket No.: 61385(72021)

- 49. (Original) A method according to claim 44, wherein the patient is a human.
- 50. (Currently amended) A method for treating itch, cough or hiccup in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of the formula:

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein:

each --- independently represents a single or double bond;

either: (a) A, B and E are independently CR<sub>1</sub>, C(R<sub>1</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, NR<sub>1</sub> or N; or

(b) B is joined with A or E to form a fused 5- to 8-membered partially saturated ring that is substituted with from 0 to 3 substituents independently selected from  $R_1$ , and the other of A or E is  $CR_1$ ,  $C(R_1)_2$ ,  $NR_1$  or N;

D and G are independently CR<sub>1</sub>, C(R<sub>1</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, NR<sub>1</sub> or N;

W, X, Y and Z are independently  $CR_1$  or N;

P, Q, T and V are independently  $CR_1$ ,  $C(R_1)_2$ , N or NH; or Q is taken together with V or P to form a fused 5- to 7-membered carbocycle or heterocycle that is substituted with from 0 to 4 substituents independently chosen from  $R_b$ ;

Docket No.: 61385(72021)

- R<sub>1</sub> is independently chosen at each occurrence from hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, amino, cyano, nitro, and groups of the formula L-M;
- L is independently chosen at each occurrence from a single covalent bond, O, C(=O), OC(=O), C(=O)O, OC(=O)O,  $S(O)_m$ ,  $N(R_x)$ ,  $C(=O)N(R_x)$ ,  $N(R_x)C(=O)$ ,  $N(R_x)S(O)_m$ ,  $S(O)_mN(R_x)$  and  $N[S(O)_mR_x]S(O)_m$ ; wherein m is independently selected at each occurrence from 0, 1 and 2; and  $R_x$  is independently selected at each occurrence from hydrogen and  $C_1$ - $C_8$ alkyl;
- M is independently selected at each occurrence from (a) hydrogen; and (b) C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkynyl, mono- and di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>0</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, phenylC<sub>0</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>cycloalkylC<sub>0</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, (5-membered heteroaryl)C<sub>0</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl and (5- to 7-membered heterocycloalkyl)C<sub>0</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, each of which is substituted with from 0 to 5 substituents independently selected from R<sub>b</sub>;

J₁ chosen from O, NH and S;

U is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl, substituted with from 0 to 3 substituents independently chosen from oxo and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl, or two substituents are taken together to form a 3- to 7-membered cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl;

Either: (a)  $J_2$  is O or S,

n is 1, and

R<sub>z</sub> is hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>haloalkyl or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl ether; or

(b)  $J_2$  is N,

n is 2, and

- (i) R<sub>z</sub> is independently chosen at each occurrence from hydrogen and C₁-C₀alkyl substituted with from 0 to 3 substituents selected from R₀; or
- (ii) both R<sub>z</sub> moieties are joined to form, with J<sub>2</sub>, a 5- to 8-membered heterocycloalkyl that is substituted with from 0 to 3 substituents selected from R<sub>b</sub>; and
- R<sub>b</sub> is independently chosen at each occurrence from halogen, hydroxy, cyano, nitro, amino, oxo, COOH, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>cycloalkylC<sub>0</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-

 $C_6$ alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ haloalkoxy,  $C_2$ - $C_6$ alkyl ether, aminocarbonyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ hydroxyalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ aminoalkyl and mono- and di- $(C_1$ - $C_6$ alkyl)amino; and thereby alleviating itch in the patient.

Docket No.: 61385(72021)

51. (Currently amended) A method according to claim 50, wherein the compound is a compound according to claim any one of claims 1-20.

## 52-53. (Cancelled)

54. (Original) A method for treating urinary incontinence or overactive bladder in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of the formula:

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein:

each --- independently represents a single or double bond;

either: (a) A, B and E are independently CR<sub>1</sub>, C(R<sub>1</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, NR<sub>1</sub> or N; or

(b) B is joined with A or E to form a fused 5- to 8-membered partially saturated ring that is substituted with from 0 to 3 substituents independently selected from  $R_1$ , and the other of A or E is  $CR_1$ ,  $C(R_1)_2$ ,  $NR_1$  or N;

D and G are independently  $CR_1$ ,  $C(R_1)_2$ ,  $NR_1$  or N;

- W, X, Y and Z are independently CR<sub>1</sub> or N;
- P, Q, T and V are independently  $CR_1$ ,  $C(R_1)_2$ , N or NH; or Q is taken together with V or P to form a fused 5- to 7-membered carbocycle or heterocycle that is substituted with from 0 to 4 substituents independently chosen from  $R_b$ ;
- R<sub>1</sub> is independently chosen at each occurrence from hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, amino, cyano, nitro, and groups of the formula L-M;
- L is independently chosen at each occurrence from a single covalent bond, O, C(=O), OC(=O), C(=O)O, OC(=O)O, S(O)<sub>m</sub>, N(R<sub>x</sub>), C(=O)N(R<sub>x</sub>), N(R<sub>x</sub>)C(=O), N(R<sub>x</sub>)S(O)<sub>m</sub>,

 $S(O)_mN(R_x)$  and  $N[S(O)_mR_x]S(O)_m$ ; wherein m is independently selected at each occurrence from 0, 1 and 2; and  $R_x$  is independently selected at each occurrence from hydrogen and  $C_1$ - $C_8$ alkyl;

Docket No.: 61385(72021)

- M is independently selected at each occurrence from (a) hydrogen; and (b)  $C_1$ - $C_8$ alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_8$ alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_8$ alkynyl, mono- and di- $(C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl)amino $C_0$ - $C_4$ alkyl, phenyl $C_0$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_8$ cycloalkyl $C_0$ - $C_4$ alkyl, (5-membered heteroaryl) $C_0$ - $C_4$ alkyl and (5- to 7-membered heterocycloalkyl) $C_0$ - $C_4$ alkyl, each of which is substituted with from 0 to 5 substituents independently selected from  $R_b$ ;
- J<sub>1</sub> chosen from O, NH and S;
- U is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl, substituted with from 0 to 3 substituents independently chosen from oxo and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl, or two substituents are taken together to form a 3- to 7-membered cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl;

Either: (a)  $J_2$  is O or S,

n is 1, and

R<sub>z</sub> is hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>haloalkyl or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl ether; or

(b)  $J_2$  is N,

n is 2, and

- (i) R<sub>z</sub> is independently chosen at each occurrence from hydrogen and C₁-C₀alkyl substituted with from 0 to 3 substituents selected from R₀; or
- (ii) both R<sub>z</sub> moieties are joined to form, with J<sub>2</sub>, a 5- to 8-membered heterocycloalkyl that is substituted with from 0 to 3 substituents selected from R<sub>b</sub>; and
- $R_b$  is independently chosen at each occurrence from halogen, hydroxy, cyano, nitro, amino, oxo, COOH,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_8$ cycloalkyl $C_0$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ haloalkoxy,  $C_2$ - $C_6$ alkyl ether, aminocarbonyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ hydroxyalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ aminoalkyl and mono- and di- $(C_1$ - $C_6$ alkyl)amino;

and thereby alleviating urinary incontinence or overactive bladder in the patient.

55. (Currently amended) A method according to claim 54, wherein the one compound is represented by the formula:

Docket No.: 61385(72021)

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein:

each --- independently represents a single or double bond;

B and E are independently  $CR_1$ ,  $C(R_1)_2$ ,  $NR_1$  or N; or B and E are taken together to form a fused 5- to 8-membered partially saturated ring that is substituted with from 0 to 3 substituents independently selected from  $R_1$ ;

D and G are independently CR<sub>1</sub>, C(R<sub>1</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, NR<sub>1</sub> or N;

W, X, Y and Z are independently CR<sub>1</sub> or N;

- Q, T and V are independently CR<sub>1</sub>, C(R<sub>1</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, N or NH; or Q is taken together with V or R<sub>3</sub> to form a fused 5- to 7-membered carbocycle or heterocycle that is substituted with from 0 to 4 substituents independently chosen from R<sub>b</sub>;
- R<sub>1</sub> is independently chosen at each occurrence from hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, amino, cyano, nitro, and groups of the formula L-M;

R<sub>2</sub> is halogen, hydroxy, amino, cyano, nitro or a group of the formula L-M;

- R<sub>3</sub> is hydrogen, halogen, cyano, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>cycloalkylC<sub>0</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>haloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkyl ether, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkylsulfonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkylsulfonamido or taken together with Q to form a fused, optionally substituted, 5- to 7-membered carbocycle or heterocycle;
- L is independently chosen at each occurrence from a single covalent bond, O, C(=O), OC(=O), C(=O)O, OC(=O)O, S(O)<sub>m</sub>, N(R<sub>x</sub>), C(=O)N(R<sub>x</sub>), N(R<sub>x</sub>)C(=O), N(R<sub>x</sub>)S(O)<sub>m</sub>,  $S(O)_mN(R_x)$  and  $N[S(O)_mR_x]S(O)_m$ ; wherein m is independently selected at each occurrence from 0, 1 and 2; and R<sub>x</sub> is independently selected at each occurrence from hydrogen and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkyl;
- M is independently selected at each occurrence from (a) hydrogen and hydroxy; and (b) C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkynyl, mono- and di-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>0</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl,

Application No. National Phase of PCT/US05/06983 First Preliminary Amendment Page 25

phenyl $C_0$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_8$ cycloalkyl $C_0$ - $C_4$ alkyl and (5- to 7-membered heterocycloalkyl) $C_0$ - $C_4$ alkyl, each of which is substituted with from 0 to 5 substituents independently selected from  $R_b$ :

Docket No.: 61385(72021)

### J<sub>1</sub> chosen from O, NH and S;

<u>U is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl, substituted with from 0 to 3 substituents independently chosen from oxo</u> and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl, or two substituents are taken together to form a 3- to 7-membered cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl;

| Either: | (a) J <sub>2</sub> is O or S,  |
|---------|--|
|         | n is 1, and  |
|         | R <sub>z</sub> is hydrogen, C <sub>1</sub> -C <sub>6</sub> alkyl, C <sub>1</sub> -C <sub>6</sub> haloalkyl or C <sub>2</sub> -C <sub>6</sub> alkyl ether; or |
|         | (b) J <sub>2</sub> is N,   |
|         | n is 2, and  |
|         | (i) R <sub>z</sub> is independently chosen at each occurrence from hydrogen and C <sub>1</sub> :   |
|         | C <sub>6</sub> alkyl substituted with from 0 to 3 substituents selected from R <sub>b</sub> ; or   |
|         | (ii) both $R_z$ moieties are joined to form, with $J_2$ , a 5- to 8-membered   |
|         | heterocycloalkyl that is substituted with from 0 to 3 substituents selected  |
|         | from R <sub>b</sub> ; and  |

 $R_b$  is independently chosen at each occurrence from halogen, hydroxy, cyano, nitro, amino, oxo, COOH,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_8$ cycloalkyl $C_0$ - $C_4$ alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ haloalkoxy,  $C_2$ - $C_6$ alkyl ether, aminocarbonyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ hydroxyalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ aminoalkyl and mono- and di- $(C_1$ - $C_6$ alkyl)amino the compound is a compound according to claim any one of claims 1-20.

56-60. (Cancelled)

and

- 61. (Original) A packaged pharmaceutical preparation, comprising:
  - (a) a pharmaceutical composition according to claim 24 in a container;

(b) instructions for using the composition to treat pain.

62-63. (Cancelled)

- 64. (Original) A packaged pharmaceutical preparation, comprising:
- (a) a pharmaceutical composition according to claim 24 in a container; and

Docket No.: 61385(72021)

(b) instructions for using the composition to treat urinary incontinence or overactive bladder.

65-66. (Cancelled)